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	American Reinvestment and Recovery Act	Federal Amount - in millions	State Amount - in millions	Direct Amounts to Local Gov'ts and Individuals - in millions	State Agencies Affected	Notes
<b>Division A—Appropriations Provisions</b>						
<b>Title I—Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration</b>						
<b>p. 2</b>	Agricultural Buildings and Facilities and Rental Payments	\$24	n/a	n/a		Construction, repair, improvement for USDA headquarters facilities in Washington DC.
	Office of Inspector General	\$23	n/a	n/a		Oversight and audit of USDA programs, grants and activities funded by this Act.
<b>p. 3</b>	Agricultural Research Service (ARS) Buildings and Facilities	\$176	n/a	n/a		Deferred maintenance at ARS facilities.
	Farm Services Agency	\$50	n/a	n/a		Maintain and upgrade IT system.
	Natural Resources Conservation Service: Watershed and Flood Prevention	\$290	n/a	unknown		Operations. Of the total, \$145 million is for purchasing and restoring floodplain easements, with a limit of \$30 million for any one state. NRCS will provide 100% construction costs and the locals provide the land rights. \$145 million for technical and financial assistance to watershed projects. The Texas Region of the NRCS has requested \$29 million.
	Natural Resources Conservation Service: Watershed Rehabilitation	\$50	n/a	unknown		Watershed rehabilitation program. Applicants will provide 35% of program costs; NRCS covers the remaining 65%. The Texas Region of the NRCS has requested funding for six projects (all dams).
	Rural Housing Insurance Fund Program Account (RHIFPA) -- Direct Loans	\$1,000	n/a	unknown		Housing loans direct from USDA to low-income rural individuals. The amount Texans will receive depends on the number of qualified applicants.
	Administrative costs for RHIFPA Direct Loans	\$67	n/a	unknown		Includes the cost of modifying loans.
	Rural Community Facilities Program Account	\$130	n/a	unknown		Cost of direct loans and grants. USDA Rural Development Mission for schools, libraries, childcare, medical clinics - direct application process - municipalities, counties, and special-purpose districts, as well as to non-profit corporations and tribal governments.
	Rural Business Program Account	\$150	n/a	unknown		Loans and grants direct to individuals, businesses, local government and nonprofits for rural economic development projects. Loans and grants to entities in Texas will depend on number of qualified applicants.
	Rural Water and Waste Disposal Program	\$1,380	n/a	unknown		Direct Loans and grants through the Rural Utilities Service for rural water, waste water and waste disposal programs. Each loan is limited to \$10,000; grants may be for up to 75% of project cost.
	Distance Learning, Telemedicine and Broadband Program	\$2,500	n/a	n/a		Competitive grants, loans, and loan guarantees for projects in areas without existing broadband service and where at least 75% of the beneficiaries live in rural areas. Recipients of these funds CANNOT also receive money from the Commerce Dept's NTIA broadband program, which also receives funding under this bill.
<b>p. 5</b>	Food and Nutrition Service Child Nutrition Programs	\$100	\$8.6	unknown	Texas Dept. of Agriculture (TDA)	Grants for National School Lunch Program equipment.
	Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children (WIC)	\$500	unknown	n/a	Texas Dept. of State Health Services (DSHS)	\$400 million placed in reserve for possible increased caseloads; \$100 million for facilities and technology upgrades; up to 1% can be used for admin. costs.

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	Commodity Assistance Program	\$150	\$12.4	unknown	TDA	Emergency food assistance (food pantries, soup kitchens and other feeding organizations). \$100 million nationwide is for food products. Estimated that Texas will receive \$8.2 million worth of food. Of the \$150 million national total, \$50 million is for distribution/administrative costs, and of that, \$25 million must be made available in FY 2009. Texas will receive \$2.1 million in fiscal 2009 for program administration. USDA expects to grant a similar administrative amount in fiscal 2010. State amount shown here reflects \$2.1 million in fiscal 2010. TDA provides funds based on county poverty and unemployment rates. It is a 60/40 formula based 60 percent on poverty and 40 percent on unemployment.
p. 6	Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP)	\$19,991	n/a	\$1,430.0		Increases benefits using 113.6% of June 2008 amount (i.e., \$20 billion). State allocations are based on program participation (75%) and on participation increases from 2007-08 (25%).
	SNAP administrative costs	\$295	\$25.7	n/a		
p. 7	Food Distribution Program on Indian Reservations	\$5	n/a	unknown		Facility and equipment upgrades. No cost sharing provisions for this specific funding. USDA allocates money based on need through the Indian Tribal Organizations.
p. 11	Farm Operating Loans	\$173	n/a	unknown		Can be used for livestock, farm equipment, feed, seed, fuel, farm chemicals, insurance, and other operating expenses OR minor repairs on structures. Limit on direct operating loans is \$300,000.
	Administrative Costs for Farm Operating Loans	\$20				Costs associated with loan adjustment, administering loans, etc.
	Aquaculture Assistance	\$50	unknown	unknown	TDA	Assistance to aquaculture producers who experienced high feed costs in 2008.
<b>Title II—Commerce, Justice, Science</b>						
<b>Department of Commerce</b>						
p. 13	Economic Development Assistance	\$150	unknown	unknown		Economic development assistance. Of total, \$50 million is for economic adjustment assistance for areas of the nation that have experienced sudden and severe economic dislocation and job loss due to corporate restructuring. Allows 2% for admin and oversight. Up to \$50 million may be transferred to regional economic development commissions.
	Bureau of the Census	\$1,000	n/a	unknown		Additional employees to administer the U.S. Census count.
p. 14	National Telecommunications and Information Administration (NTIA) -- Broadband Technology	\$4,700	n/a	unknown		Extend broadband Internet services. Of total, at least \$4.35 billion must be used for the Technology Opportunities Program (TOP). Of this amount: at least \$200 million is for expanding public computer centers (such as at community colleges and public libraries); at least \$250 million is for innovative programs to encourage broadband; and \$10 million is for OIG audits and oversight. The remaining \$350 million of the total will be used for developing the broadband inventory map.
	Digital-To-Analog Converter Box Program	\$650	n/a	unknown		Additional coupons and related activities needed to implement the switch from analog to digital television. Up to \$90 million of this amount is for education and outreach.
p. 15	National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) -- Scientific and Technical Research	\$220	n/a	unknown		Scientific and technical research and services.
	National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) -- Research Facilities	\$360	n/a	unknown		Competitive construction grant program for research science buildings.
	National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) -- Operations, Research and Facilities	\$230	unknown	unknown		Habitat restoration, navigation projects, vessel maintenance, and other activities.

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	National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) -- Procurement, Acquisition and Construction	\$430	n/a	n/a		Construction and repair of NOAA facilities, ships and equipment, improvements for weather forecasting and satellite development.
	National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) -- Research	\$170	n/a	n/a		Climate modeling activities, including supercomputing procurement and research into climate change.
	National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) -- OIG	\$6	n/a	n/a		Office of the Inspector General.
	<b>Department of Justice</b>					
	General Administration for the US Department of Justice (DOJ) -- OIG	\$2	n/a	n/a		Office of the Inspector General.
	Violence Against Women	\$225	\$9.0	unknown	Office of the Governor (Governor)	\$9 million will be allocated by formula to the Governor for grants to local law enforcement entities to combat violence against women. There is a 25% match for local law enforcement agencies and no matching requirements for non-profit agencies.
p. 16	State and Local Law Enforcement Assistance -- Byrne Grants	\$2,000	\$90.3	\$57.3	Governor and Texas Department of Public Safety (DPS)	\$2 billion will be awarded to states based on formula. Texas will receive \$147.5 million total. Of that amount, 60% (\$90.3 million) will be distributed by the state and 40% (\$57.3 million) will be directly awarded to local entities. Of the \$90.3 million received by state agencies, the Governor's Office must distribute 60% to local law enforcement entities. The remaining amount may be used by state agencies such as DPS for special law enforcement purposes (including training, equipment, personnel). There are no matching fund requirements for these grants and all funds must be obligated by 9/30/2010.
	State and Local Law Enforcement Assistance -- Competitive Byrne Grants	\$225	unknown	unknown		Competitive grants to improve the functioning of the criminal justice system, to assist victims of crime (not compensation) and for youth mentoring programs. State and local law enforcement entities must apply directly to BJA. All funds must be obligated by 9/30/2010.
	State and Local Law Enforcement Assistance -- Criminal Narcotics Activity and Project Gunrunner	\$40	n/a	unknown		Competitive grants to local law enforcement entities along the Southern border and in High-Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas to combat criminal narcotics activity. Of this amount, \$10 million goes to the Bureau of Alcohol Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives for Project Gunrunner. There are no matching fund requirements for this money.
	State and Local Law Enforcement Assistance -- Assistance to Indian Tribes	\$225	n/a	unknown		Grants allocated to tribal law enforcement entities with no matching fund requirements.
	Crime Victims Compensation and Assistance Programs	\$100	\$9.9	unknown	Governor and OAG	\$2.1 million will be allocated by formula to the Governor for grants to local law enforcement entities for programs that provide non-monetary services to crime victims. This program has a 20% match requirement. \$7.8 million will be allocated to the OAG for monetary compensation to crime victims.
	State and Local Law Enforcement Assistance -- Rural Law Enforcement	\$125	n/a	unknown		Grants to rural law enforcement entities to prevent and combat crime, especially drug-related crime. There are no matching fund requirements.
	State and Local Law Enforcement Assistance -- Internet Crimes Against Children	\$50	\$1.5	\$0.8	Office of the Attorney General (OAG)	Funds will be allocated by formula to local and state entities for fighting Internet crimes against children. The recipients of this money will be the Dallas Police Department (\$0.8 million) and the Texas Office of the Attorney General (\$1.5 million) as these two entities serve as the lead agencies for the Northern and Southern Texas Internet Crimes Against Children Task Force. There are no matching requirements for these funds.
	Community Oriented Policing Services	\$1,000	unknown	unknown	DPS	Competitive grants to state and local entities for the hiring and rehiring of additional career law enforcement officers. The \$75,000 salary cap for police officers and the 20% matching requirements have been waived. Amounts available until 9/30/2010.

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	DOJ - Salaries and Expenses	\$10	n/a	n/a		Management, administration and oversight of programs within the DOJ's Office of Violence Against Women, Office of Justice Programs, and Community Oriented Policing Services Office.
<b>Science</b>						
<b>p. 17</b>	National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) -- Science	\$400	n/a	n/a		NASA's Science division (atmospheric composition, weather, heliosphere, etc.).
	National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) -- Aeronautics	\$150	n/a	n/a		NASA's Exploration division (the moon, living away from earth, Mars, and other satellite programs and rovers).
	National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) -- Exploration	\$400	n/a	n/a		NASA's Aeronautics division (Fundamental Aeronautics Program, Airspace Systems Program, Aviation Safety Program, Aeronautics Test Program).
	National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) -- Cross Agency Support	\$50	n/a	n/a		Cross Agency Support and NASA administration.
	National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) -- OIG	\$2	n/a	n/a		NASA's Office of the Inspector General.
	National Science Foundation -- Research	\$2,500	n/a	n/a		NSF's research related activities of which \$300 million is solely for the Major Research Instrumentation program and \$200 million for academic research facilities modernization.
	National Science Foundation -- Education and Human Resources	\$100	n/a	n/a		NSF's Education and Human Resources divisions.
	National Science Foundation -- Major Research Equipment and Facilities Construction	\$400	n/a	n/a		NSF's Major Research Equipment and Facilities Construction.
	National Science Foundation -- OIG	\$2	n/a	n/a		NSF's Office of the Inspector General.
<b>Title III—Department of Defense</b>						
<b>p. 18</b>	Operation and Maintenance, Army	\$1,475	unknown	unknown		Improve, repair and modernize facilities and real property (including barracks); energy efficiency for DOD facilities.
	Operation and Maintenance, Navy	\$657	unknown	unknown		Improve, repair and modernize facilities and real property (including barracks); energy efficiency for DOD facilities.
	Operation and Maintenance, Marine Corps	\$114	unknown	unknown		Improve, repair and modernize facilities and real property (including barracks); energy efficiency for DOD facilities.
	Operation and Maintenance, Air Force	\$1,096	unknown	unknown		Improve, repair and modernize facilities and real property (including barracks); energy efficiency for DOD facilities.
	Operation and Maintenance, Army Reserve	\$98	unknown	unknown		Improve, repair and modernize facilities and real property (including barracks); energy efficiency for DOD facilities.
	Operation and Maintenance, Navy Reserve	\$55	unknown	unknown		Improve, repair and modernize facilities and real property (including barracks); energy efficiency for DOD facilities.
	Operation and Maintenance, Marine Corps Reserve	\$40	unknown	unknown		Improve, repair and modernize facilities and real property (including barracks); energy efficiency for DOD facilities.
<b>p. 19</b>	Operation and Maintenance, Air Force Reserve	\$13	unknown	unknown		Improve, repair and modernize facilities and real property (including barracks); energy efficiency for DOD facilities.
	Operation and Maintenance, Army National Guard	\$266	unknown	unknown		Improve, repair and modernize facilities and real property (including barracks); energy efficiency for DOD facilities.
	Operation and Maintenance, Air National Guard	\$26	unknown	unknown		Improve, repair and modernize facilities and real property (including barracks); energy efficiency for DOD facilities.
	Research, Development, Test and Evaluation -- Army	\$75	unknown	unknown		Research, development, test and evaluation.
	Research, Development, Test and Evaluation -- Navy	\$75	unknown	unknown		Research, development, test and evaluation.
	Research, Development, Test and Evaluation -- Air Force	\$75	unknown	unknown		Research, development, test and evaluation.
<b>p. 20</b>	Research, Development, Test and Evaluation -- Defense-Wide	\$75	unknown	unknown		Research, development, test and evaluation.

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	Defense Health Program	\$400	unknown	unknown		Operation and maintenance; to improve, repair and modernize military medical facilities, including energy efficiency.
	Office of the Inspector General	\$15	n/a	n/a		
<b>Title IV—Energy and Water Development</b>						
<b>Department of Defense -- Civil (Army Corps of Engineers)</b>						
	Investigations	\$25	n/a	unknown		Feasibility studies of potential projects. Not for new studies.
	Construction	\$2,000	n/a	unknown		At least \$200 million for water-related environmental infrastructure assistance. Not for new projects.
p. 21	Mississippi River and Tributaries	\$375	n/a	n/a		Not for new projects.
p. 22	Operation and Maintenance Regulatory Program	\$2,075	unknown	unknown		Not for new projects.
	Formerly Utilized Sites Remedial Action Program	\$25	unknown	unknown		
	Formerly Utilized Sites Remedial Action Program	\$100	n/a	unknown		Not for new projects.
<b>Department of Interior -- Bureau of Reclamation</b>						
p. 23	Water and Related Resources -- Reclamation and Reuse projects	\$126	n/a	unknown		Competitive grants for water reclamation and reuse projects. There is a 50% cost share, and all projects must meet National Environmental Policy Act and Endangered Species requirements. In Texas there are currently three existing projects.
	Water and Related Resources -- Central Utah Project Completion Act	\$50	n/a	n/a		To be transferred to the Department of Interior.
	Water and Related Resources -- California Bay-Delta Restoration Act	\$50	n/a	n/a		
	Water and Related Resources -- Rural Water Projects	\$60	n/a	n/a		Primarily water intake and treatment.
	Water and Related Resources -- Canals	\$10	n/a	n/a		Inspection of canals in urban areas.
	Water and Related Resources -- Maintenance and Replacement	\$704	n/a	unknown		
<b>Department of Energy (DOE)</b>						
p. 24	Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy -- Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grants (Large Cities and Counties)	\$2,016	n/a	unknown		Reduce energy use and fossil fuel emissions, and for improvements in energy efficiency. Large cities and counties (1,700) apply directly to DOE for projects grants.
	Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy -- Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grants (Smaller Cities and Counties)	\$448	\$30.5	unknown	State Energy Conservation Office (SECO)	Smaller cities and counties in Texas apply to SECO for project grants.
	Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy -- Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grants (State Energy Program)	\$336	\$22.8	n/a	SECO	Funds allocated to the State Energy Program.
	Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy -- Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grants (Competitive Grants)	\$400	n/a	unknown		Additional competitive grants, not specified.
	Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy -- Weatherization Assistance	\$5,000	\$327.0	unknown	Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs (TDHCA)	Provides funds to Texas Dept. of Housing & Community Affairs for energy-related improvements to homes and to educate residents about energy conservation. Up to 20% can be used for training. Raises eligibility level to 200% of poverty and increases funding.
	Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy -- State Energy Program	\$3,100	\$218.8	unknown	SECO	Provides grants to states and directs funding to state energy offices from technology programs in the DOE's office of EERE. States use these grants to address their energy priorities and to program funding to deploy emerging renewable energy and energy efficiency.
	Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy -- Batteries and Components	\$2,000	unknown	unknown		Grants for the manufacturing of advanced battery systems (lithium-ion batteries and hybrid electric systems) and components within the U.S., as well as the development of supporting software.

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	Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy -- Applied Research, Development, Demonstration and Deployment	\$2,500	unknown	unknown		Research into biomass, geothermal, and information and communication technology projects for increased renewable energy capacity and improved energy efficiency in high-tech applications.
	Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy -- Transportation Electrification	\$400	unknown	unknown		Add electric technology to vehicles.
	Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy -- Energy Efficient Appliance Rebate Program and ENERGY STAR®	\$300	unknown	unknown		Rebates for energy efficient appliances, while also supporting DOE's efforts under the Energy Star Program.
	Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy -- Alternative Fueled-Vehicles Pilot Grant Program	\$300	unknown	unknown		Pilot program for petroleum-free transportation fuels (grants).
	Electricity Delivery and Energy Reliability	\$4,500	n/a	unknown		Modernize the electric grid. Of the total, \$100 million is for worker training, \$80 million is for an assessment of resources and future demand, and \$10 million is to develop a framework of requirements and standards for information management to achieve interoperability of Smart Grid devices and systems. Grants will be awarded to electric grid operators. In Texas, the Electric Reliability Council of Texas (ERCOT) would be the entity receiving the funds. The DOE has not determined the amount of funding amount for each grid operator.
p. 25	Fossil Energy Research and Development	\$3,400	unknown	unknown		Competitive grants to entities (local, state, higher education and private agencies): \$1 billion for research and development in fossil energy; \$800 million for the Clean Coal Initiative; \$1.52 billion for industrial carbon capture and energy efficiency projects; \$50 million for geologic site characterization; \$20 million for geologic sequestration research; and \$10 million for administration.
	Non-Defense Environmental Cleanup	\$483	n/a	unknown		Competitive grants and RFPs to private local entities for the remediation and clean up of environmental problems. This is primarily for nuclear waste, spent fuel and materials.
	Uranium Enrichment Decontamination and Decommissioning Fund	\$390	n/a	n/a		Provides decontamination, decommissioning and cleanup of the nation's three gaseous diffusion plants in Tennessee, Kentucky and Ohio.
	Science	\$1,600	unknown	unknown		Competitive grants to local, state, higher education and private agencies for innovative basic scientific research.
p. 26	Advanced Research Projects Agency - Energy	\$400	n/a	unknown		Competitive contracts to entities (local, higher education and private agencies) for the research and development of advanced energy projects.
	Innovative Technology Loan Guarantee Program	\$6,000	n/a	unknown		Loan program for electric grid operators. Of this total, \$35 million is for administrative costs. In Texas, ERCOT would be the entity receiving the loans and rate payers would pay back the loans with a monthly charge on their electricity bills.
	Office of the Inspector General	\$15	n/a	n/a		
	Defense Environmental Cleanup	\$5,127	n/a	unknown		Competitive grants and RFPs to local private agencies for environmental cleanup of defense activities.
	Construction, Rehabilitation, Operation, and Maintenance, Western Area Power Administration	\$10	n/a	n/a		Conservation and renewable resources programs.
	Borrowing Authority - Bonneville Power Administration	\$3,250	n/a	n/a		Construction, acquisition and replacement of the Bonneville Power Administration's transmission system in the Pacific Northwest.
	Borrowing Authority - Western Area Power Administration	\$3,250	n/a	n/a		Constructing, planning, operating and maintaining new or upgraded Western Area Power Administration transmission lines.
<b>Title V—Financial Services and General Government</b>						
<b>Department of the Treasury</b>						

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p. 34	Community Development Financial Institutions Fund Program	\$100	n/a	n/a		Up to \$8 million for Native American, Native Hawaiian and Alaskan Native communities, and up to \$2 million for administrative costs.
	Office of Inspector General - Tax Administration	\$7	n/a	n/a		
p. 35	Internal Revenue Service Health Insurance Tax Credit Administration	\$80	n/a	n/a		Implement the health insurance tax credit.
<b>General Services Administration</b>						
	Federal Buildings Fund	\$5,550	n/a	n/a		At least \$750 million for U.S. courthouses; \$300 million for border stations and land ports of entry; \$4.5 billion to convert current GSA facilities to High-Performance Green Buildings.
p. 36	Energy Efficient Federal Motor Vehicle Fleet Procurement	\$300	n/a	n/a		Motor vehicles with a higher fuel economy including hybrids, electric vehicles and plug-in hybrids.
	Office of Inspector General	\$7				
	<b>Recovery Act Accountability and Transparency Board</b>	\$84	n/a	n/a		New agency to coordinate and conduct oversight of ARRA funds.
<b>Small Business Administration</b>						
	Salaries and Expenses	\$69	n/a	n/a		Of the total, \$24 million is for marketing, and \$20 million is for IT systems.
p. 37	Office of Inspector General	\$10	n/a	n/a		
	Surety Bond Guarantees Revolving Fund	\$15	n/a	unknown		Expanding SBA's Surety Bond Guarantee program.
	Business Loans Program	\$636	n/a	unknown		Amounts to be used for temporary fee reductions or eliminations on SBA loans and increased SBA guaranteed shares, new loan program to help small businesses meet existing debt payments, and expanding SBA's Microloan program.
<b>Title VI—Homeland Security</b>						
p. 48	Office of the Under Secretary for Management	\$200	n/a	n/a		Planning, design, construction, IT infrastructure, etc. to consolidate Department of Homeland Security headquarters.
	Office of Inspector General	\$5	n/a	n/a		
	U.S. Customs and Border Protection -- Salaries and Expenses	\$160	n/a	n/a		Of the total, \$60 million is for tactical communications, and \$100 million is for non-intrusive detection technology to be deployed at sea ports of entry.
	U.S. Customs and Border Protection -- Border Security Fencing, Infrastructure and Technology	\$100	n/a	n/a		Expedited development and deployment of security technology on the Southwest border.
	U.S. Customs and Border Protection -- Construction	\$420	n/a	n/a		Customs land border ports of entry.
p. 49	U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement -- Automation Modernization	\$20	n/a	n/a		Tactical communications.
	Transportation Security Administration -- Aviation Security	\$1,000	n/a	n/a		Aviation security for the purchase and installation of explosive detection systems and checkpoint explosives detection equipment.
	Coast Guard -- Acquisition, Construction and Improvements	\$98	n/a	n/a		Shore facilities, navigation facilities, and repair and renovation of vessels.
	Coast Guard -- Alteration of Bridges	\$142	n/a	unknown		Alteration or removal of obstructive bridges.
p. 50	Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) -- State and Local Programs	\$300	n/a	n/a		Of the total, \$150 million for public transportation security assistance and railroad security assistance, and \$150 million for port security grants.
	Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) -- Firefighter Assistance Grants	\$210	n/a	n/a		Modifying, constructing and upgrading non-Federal fire stations. Up to 5 percent for program administration; grants limited to \$15 million each.
	Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) -- Emergency Food and Shelter	\$100	n/a	unknown		Food and shelter assistance for the homeless.
<b>Title VII—Interior and Environment</b>						
<b>Department of the Interior</b>						
p. 52	Bureau of Land Management -- Management of Lands and Resources	\$125	n/a	n/a		Maintenance, rehabilitation, and restoration of facilities, property, trails and lands, and for remediation of abandoned mines and wells.

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	Bureau of Land Management -- Construction	\$180	n/a	n/a		Construction, reconstruction, decommissioning and repair of roads, bridges, trails, property, and facilities, and for energy efficient retrofits of existing facilities.
	Bureau of Land Management -- Wildland Fire Management	\$15	n/a	n/a		Hazardous fuels reduction (brush clearing, etc.).
	U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service -- Resource Management	\$165	unknown	unknown		Deferred maintenance, construction and capital improvements on national wildlife refuges, national fish hatcheries and high-priority habitat restoration projects.
<b>p. 53</b>	U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service -- Construction	\$115	unknown	unknown		Construction, reconstruction, and repair of roads, bridges, property and facilities, and for energy efficient retrofits of existing facilities.
	National Park Service -- Operation of the National Park System	\$146	n/a	unknown		Deferred maintenance of facilities and trails, and other critical repair and rehabilitation projects.
	National Park Service -- Historical Preservation Fund	\$15	unknown	unknown		Protect and restore buildings at historically black colleges and universities.
	National Park Service -- Construction	\$589	unknown	unknown		Preserve and protect national icons and historic landscapes. Improve energy efficiency and renewable energy use at park units, improve roads, and remediate abandoned mines sites on park units.
<b>p. 54</b>	U.S. Geological Survey -- Surveys, Investigations and Research	\$140	unknown	unknown		Restore and rehabilitate laboratories and research facilities; improve energy efficiency of facilities; and modernize stream gauges critical for monitoring streamflow and providing information that is extensively utilized by water managers and the public.
	Bureau of Indian Affairs -- Operation of Indian Programs	\$40	unknown	unknown		Workforce training programs (including a pilot project in partnership with the United Association of Plumbers and Pipefitters to train tribal members to become certified plumbers and pipefitters), and the housing improvement program.
	Bureau of Indian Affairs -- Construction	\$450	unknown	unknown		Repair and restoration of roads, replace and upgrade Native American schools, and detention center maintenance and repairs.
	Bureau of Indian Affairs -- Indian Guaranteed Loan Program	\$10	unknown	unknown		Loans to spur Native American economies in which unemployment far exceeds the national average.
	Office of Inspector General -- Salaries and Expenses	\$15	n/a	n/a		
<b>Environmental Protection Agency</b>						
	Office of Inspector General	\$20	n/a	n/a		
	Hazardous Substance Superfund	\$600	unknown	unknown	Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ)	Superfund remedial program. Texas has approximately 100 Superfund sites, 46 of which are considered "federal" sites (i.e., on the EPA's National Priority List), at which cleanup would be led by the EPA. Allows up to 3 percent for management and oversight.
<b>p. 55</b>	Leaking Underground Storage Tanks Trust Fund	\$200	unknown	unknown	TCEQ	To clean up (or remove) underground petroleum product tanks such as gas station tanks as well as any contaminated soils. Up to 1.5 percent is allowed for management and oversight.
	State and Tribal Assistance Grants -- Clean Water State Revolving Funds	\$4,000	\$180.9	n/a	Texas Water Development Board (TWDB)	Loans for wastewater treatment & drinking water infrastructure. State Revolving Fund additional dollars must be at least under contract within 12 months of bill passage. At least 50% to be used to further subsidize recipients through forgiveness of principal, negative interest loans, grants, or any combination of these. To extent there are eligible applications, at least 20% to go to green infrastructure, water or energy efficiency improvement, or other environmentally innovative projects. State matches waived. Up to 1 percent for management and oversight.

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	State and Tribal Assistance Grants -- Safe Drinking Water Act	\$2,000	\$160.7	n/a	TWDB	Loans for wastewater treatment & drinking water infrastructure. State Revolving Fund additional dollars must be at least under contract within 12 months of bill passage. At least 50% to be used to further subsidize recipients through forgiveness of principal, negative interest loans, grants, or any combination of these. To extent there are eligible applications, at least 20% to go to green infrastructure, water or energy efficiency improvement, or other environmentally innovative projects. State matches waived. Up to 1 percent for management and oversight.
	State and Tribal Assistance Grants -- Brownfields	\$100	unknown	unknown		Competitive grants to evaluate and clean up former industrial and commercial sites. Up to 3.5% for management and oversight; state match waived.
	State and Tribal Assistance Grants -- Diesel Emission Reduction Act	\$300	\$1.7	unknown	TCEQ	Grants and loans to help regional, state and local governments, tribal agencies, and non-profit organizations with projects that reduce diesel emissions. State match waived. Three competitive grant programs: \$156 million for the implementation of verified and certified diesel emission reduction technologies. \$30 million to support projects that reduce diesel emissions and maximize job creation and preservation through the creation of national, state or local innovative financial programs. \$20 million for EPA's development of Emerging Technologies for diesel emissions reduction. \$88.2 million for clean diesel grant and loan programs to states (approx. \$1.7 million to TCEQ).
<b>Department of Agriculture</b>						
p. 56	Forest Service -- Capital Improvement and Maintenance	\$650	unknown	unknown		Priority road, bridge and trail maintenance and decommissioning, including related watershed restoration and ecosystem enhancement projects; facilities improvement, maintenance and renovation; and remediation of abandoned mine sites.
	Forest Service -- Wildland Fire Management	\$500	unknown	unknown		Hazardous fuels reduction, forest health protection, rehabilitation, and hazard mitigation activities on federal lands (\$250 million), and on state and private lands (\$250 million). Up to \$50 million may be used to make wood-to-energy grants.
<b>Department of Health and Human Services</b>						
p. 57	Indian Health Services	\$85	unknown	unknown		Health information technology activities - telehealth services and related infrastructure.
	Indian Health Facilities	\$415	unknown	unknown		Facilities construction, deferred maintenance and improvements, backlogged sanitation projects, and equipment. Of total, \$227 million for completion of up to two facilities on priority list for which work has already been initiated.
<b>Smithsonian Institution</b>						
	Facilities Capital	\$25	n/a	n/a		Repair and revitalization of existing facilities.
<b>National Endowment for the Arts</b>						
	Grants and Administration	\$50	\$0.4	unknown		Direct grants to the non-profit art sector to provide financial support due to declining philanthropic contributions and for arts projects which preserve jobs. Of the total, 40 percent goes to state arts agencies and regional arts organizations, and 60 percent is for competitively selected arts projects. State match waived.
<b>Title VIII—Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education</b>						
<b>Department of Labor</b>						
p. 58	Employment and Training Administration -- Training and Employment Services (Adult)	\$500	\$34.7	n/a	Texas Workforce Commission (TWC)	Adult employment and training.
	Employment and Training Administration -- Training and Employment Services (Youth)	\$1,200	\$82.8	n/a	TWC	Youth activities, including summer employment (up to age 24).

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p. 59	Employment and Training Administration -- Training and Employment Services (Dislocated Workers)	\$1,250	\$55.2	n/a	TWC	Dislocated worker employment and training.
	Employment and Training Administration -- Training and Employment Services (Dislocated Workers National Reserve)	\$200	n/a	unknown		Competitive grants for high unemployment or high poverty areas.
	Employment and Training Administration -- Training and Employment Services (YouthBuild)	\$50	n/a	unknown		Competitive grants for YouthBuild activities, such as refurbishing existing low-income housing.
	Employment and Training Administration -- Training and Employment Services (High-growth and Emerging Industry)	\$750	unknown	unknown	TWC	Competitive grants for high growth and emerging industry sectors. Of the total, \$500 million is for research, labor exchange and job training for careers in energy efficiency and renewable energy; priority for the remaining funds is for projects that prepare workers for careers in health care sector.
	Employment and Training Administration -- Community Service Employment for Older Americans	\$120	\$6.6	n/a	TWC	Administered by both states and national organizations.
	Employment and Training Administration -- State Unemployment Insurance and Employment Service Operations	\$400	\$28.0	n/a	TWC	Grants to states. Of the total, \$250 million is for customized reemployment services to unemployment insurance claimants.
p. 60	Departmental Management -- Salaries and Expenses	\$80	n/a	unknown		For the enforcement of worker protection laws and regulations, oversight, and coordination activities related to the infrastructure and unemployment insurance investments in this Act.
	Departmental Management -- Office of Job Corps	\$250	n/a	unknown		Construction, rehabilitation and acquisition of Job Corps Centers.
	Departmental Management -- Office of Inspector General	\$6	n/a	unknown		
<b>Department of Health and Human Services</b>						
p. 61	Health Resources and Services -- Health Centers	\$500	n/a	unknown		For grants to health centers that serve the medically underserved (migratory and seasonal agricultural workers, homeless, residents of public housing). Up to 0.5% may be used for administration.
	Health Resources and Services -- Health Center Equipment and IT	\$1,500	n/a	unknown		Grants for construction, renovation and equipment, and for the acquisition of health information technology systems, for health centers including health center controlled networks receiving operating grants. Up to 0.5% may be used for administration.
	Health Resources and Services -- Health Professions Workforce	\$500	n/a	unknown		To address health professions work force shortages. Of the total, \$75 million is available for the National Health Service Corps (NHSC) through 9/30/2011. Funds may provide scholarships, loan repayment, and grants to training programs for equipment. 20% is allocated to NHSC for field operations. Up to 0.5% may be used for administration.
	National Institutes of Health -- National Center for Research Resources	\$1,300	unknown	unknown	Health and Human Services Commission (HHSC)	The National Center for Research Resources, a part of the National Institutes of Health (NIH), provides laboratory scientists and clinical researchers with the tools and training to understand, detect, treat, and prevent a wide range of diseases. Of the total, \$1 billion is for grants or contracts to construct, renovate or repair existing non-Federal research facilities (competitive awards for the construction and renovation of university research facilities).
p. 62	National Institutes of Health -- Office of the Director	\$8,200	unknown	unknown	HHSC	Of the total, \$7.4 billion is transferred to the Institutes and Centers of NIH and to the Common Fund, which supports cross-cutting, trans-NIH programs. \$8 million for projects that can be completed within two years; short-term grants that focus on specific scientific challenges, new research that expands the scope of ongoing projects, and research on public and international health priorities.
	National Institutes of Health -- Buildings and Facilities	\$500	n/a	n/a		\$500 million for repair of NIH buildings and facilities, including projects in Bethesda, MD.

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	Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality	\$1,100	unknown	unknown		Of the total, \$30 million is for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ), \$400 million transferred to the NIH, and \$400 million allocated at the discretion of the Secretary of Health and Human Services. Funding is to conduct or support research to evaluate and compare the clinical outcomes, effectiveness, risk, and benefits of two or more medical treatments and services that address a particular medical condition.
p. 64	Administration for Children and Families -- Child Care and Development Block Grants	\$2,000	\$214.9	n/a	TWC	\$2 billion over 2 years with \$1 billion available 10/1/2009. Provide funding to increase child care services. Funds must be used to supplement, not supplant state general revenue child care funds.
	Administration for Children and Families -- Children and Families Services (Head Start)	\$1,000	n/a	\$60.0		Head Start funds allocated to current statutory formula. HHS may increase or waive the limit on the federal share of a Head Start or Early Head Start grant under certain circumstances. Federal financial assistance cannot exceed 80 percent of the total program costs and the non-federal share will not be required to exceed 20 percent of the total costs of the program.
	Administration for Children and Families -- Children and Families Services (Early Head Start)	\$1,100	n/a	unknown		Grants for family-centered services for low-income families with very young children designed to promote child development and enable parents to move toward self-sufficiency. Up to 10% goes for training and technical assistance and up to 3% for monitoring the operation of these programs. These funds will be awarded on a competitive basis. HHS may increase or waive the limit on the federal share of a Head Start or Early Head Start grant under certain circumstances.
p. 65	Administration for Children and Families -- Children and Families Services Programs (Community Services Block Grants)	\$1,000	\$48.0	n/a	Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs (TDHCA)	The Community Services Block Grant program provides states and Indian Tribes with funds to lessen poverty in communities and assist low-income individuals including the homeless, migrants and the elderly. Grant amounts are determined by a formula based on each state's and Indian Tribe's poverty population. Grantees are required to provide services and activities addressing employment, education, better use of available income, housing, nutrition, emergency services and/or health. Of the total, 1% is reserved by states for benefit enrollment coordination activities. States can increase the income eligibility ceiling from 125 percent to 200 percent of the Federal Poverty Level for services furnished under the CSBG Act during fiscal years 2009 and 2010. Amount available upon enactment.
	Administration for Children and Families -- Children and Families Services Programs (Grants to Non-profit Organizations)	\$50	n/a	n/a		Grants to non-profit organizations.
	Administration on Aging -- Aging Services Programs	\$100	\$5.6	n/a	HHSC/DADS	Grants for the establishment and operation of nutrition projects (meals) for seniors. Of this total, \$65 million is for Congregate Nutrition Services, \$32 million is for Home-Delivered Nutrition Services, and \$3 million is provided for Native American nutrition services. DADS will use \$280,400 for state administration and must provide \$70,100 to match these funds for administration. The remaining is passed along to 28 area agencies on aging for service based on the state's funding formula. The state must provide \$282,000 match to receive the service dollars.

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	Office of the Secretary -- Office of National Coordinator for Health Information Technology	\$2,000	unknown	unknown		Competitive grants for Health Information Technology (Title XIII of the ARRA). National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) and the National Science Foundation (NSF) can award grants to institutions of higher education, nonprofit entities and federal government laboratories to establish Centers for Health Care Information Enterprise Integration. Grants will be awarded on a merit-reviewed competitive basis. Regional Centers will be created to provide technical assistance and disseminate information learned from the Health Information Technology Research Center (created by ARRA) to implement health information technology. Within 90 days of enactment, the HHS Secretary must publish in the Federal Register requirements for receiving funds and expectations for the creation of regional centers. No awards will be made for this program until January 1, 2010. Of the total, \$20 million is for health care information enterprise integration, and \$300 million is to support regional efforts toward health information exchange.
<b>p. 66</b>	Office of the Secretary -- Office of Inspector General	\$17	n/a			
	Office of the Secretary -- Public Health and Social Services Emergency Fund	\$50	unknown	unknown		Information technology security.
	Office of the Secretary -- Prevention and Wellness Fund	\$1,000	\$12.8	unknown	Texas Department of State Health Services (DSHS)	Immunizations. Of the total, \$300 million to be transferred to the Centers for Disease Control's immunization program, \$650 million for clinical and community-based prevention and wellness strategies, and \$50 million is for states for implementing healthcare-associated infections reduction strategies. Up to 0.5% of the funds provided may be used administration.
<b>Department of Education</b>						
<b>p. 67</b>	Education for the Disadvantaged	\$10,000	\$944.6	n/a	Texas Education Agency (TEA)	Title I-A grants provide supplementary educational and related services to low-achieving and other students attending pre-k-12 schools with relatively high concentrations of pupils from low-income families. Formula funding based on number of disadvantaged students.
	Education for the Disadvantaged -- School Improvement Grants	\$3,000	\$285.2	n/a	TEA	Provides supplementary funds to states and local education agencies (LEAs) for school improvement purposes. States are eligible to apply for these grants, which are allocated in proportion to each state's share of funds received under ESEA Title I, Parts A, C (Migrant Education Program), and D (Neglected and Delinquent Children and Youth). States must use at least 95% of the funds received to make subgrants to LEAs. Subgrants made to LEAs must be between \$50,000 and \$500,000 for each school and must be renewable for up to two additional years if schools meet the goals of their school improvement plans.
	Impact Aid	\$100	unknown	n/a	TEA	40% of funds available by formula and 60% by competitive grant (as is done in current law). ARRA modifies some of the eligibility and priority criteria for receiving funds. For example, formula grants will be based on each LEA's proportion of military children and children living on Indian lands. ARRA removes the requirements that at least 50% of an LEA's student enrollment must be composed of military children or children living on Indian lands to receive a grant, and that the formula funds available be divided equally between LEAs enrolling at least 50% military children and those enrolling at least 50% children living on Indian lands.
<b>p. 68</b>	School Improvement Programs	\$70	\$3.5	n/a	TEA	Competitive grants made by state education agencies to LEAs under this program must be used to facilitate the enrollment, attendance, and success in school of homeless children and youth. Should be available to LEAs during school year 2009-2010 and 2010-2011.

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	Education Technology - Title II ESEA	\$650	\$59.4	n/a	TEA	Available to LEAs during school year 2009-2010 and 2010-2011. Grants for Education Technology.
	Innovation and Improvement	\$200	unknown	n/a	TEA	Authorizes a series of competitive grant programs intended to support a variety of innovative K-12 educational activities. Specifies that the funds be used for a national evaluation of performance-based teacher and principal compensation systems in high need schools.
	Special Education -- IDEA, Part B Special Education	\$11,300	\$945.6	n/a	TEA	Funding available during school years 2009-2010 and 2010-2011. Supplemental.
<b>p. 69</b>	Special Education -- IDEA, Part B-Preschool Special Education	\$400	\$24.3	n/a	TEA	
	Special Education -- IDEA, Part C Special Education (Infants and Toddlers)	\$500	\$39.4	n/a	TEA	Funding available during school years 2009-2010 and 2010-2011. Supplemental.
	Rehabilitation Services and Disability Research -- Vocational Rehabilitation	\$540	\$44.8	n/a	Texas Dept. of Assistive and Rehabilitative Services (DARS)	State-federal partnership, helps people with disabilities prepare for, find and keep jobs.
	Rehabilitation Services and Disability Research -- Independent Living (State Grants)	\$18	\$1.1	n/a		
	Rehabilitation Services and Disability Research -- Independent Living (Centers)	\$88	unknown	n/a		Independent Living Centers and Services promote self-sufficiency despite significant disability, providing people with disabilities with improved mobility, communication, personal adjustment and self-direction. Independent Living Centers are operated by and for people with disabilities throughout the state.
	Rehabilitation Services and Disability Research -- Independent Living (Blind)	\$34	\$2.3	n/a		
	Student Financial Assistance (Pell Grants -- Discretionary Appropriations)	\$15,640	n/a	\$186.6	Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board (THECB)	The Pell Grant program is the largest source of federal grant aid to postsecondary students. The grants are available to low-income undergraduate students to help offset their costs associated with obtaining a postsecondary education. Direct aid to student.
	Work-Study Program	\$200	n/a	\$10.7	THECB	Need-based federal student aid program that provides undergraduate, graduate, and professional students the opportunity for paid employment in a field related to their course of study or in community service. Students are compensated with a combination of federal funding and a matching amount provided by the student's employer. In most instances, the maximum federal share of compensation is 75%. Direct aid to student.
	Student Aid Administration	\$60	n/a	n/a		FY2009 supplemental appropriations to the Department of Education for student aid administration of the Federal Pell Grant program, the AC/SMART grant program, the FSEOG program, FFEL program, the FWS program, the DL program, and the Federal Perkins Loan program.
	Teacher Quality Partnership Grant Programs	\$100	n/a	unknown	THECB	Teacher Quality Partnership Grants for improving teacher education programs, strengthening teacher recruitment efforts, and providing training for prospective teachers.
	Institute of Education Sciences	\$250	unknown	n/a	TEA/THECB	Statewide data systems. Authorizes a competitive grant program for state education agencies to support the design, development, and implementation of a statewide data systems to use, manage, and analyze individual student data in ways consistent with the ESEA.
<b>p. 70</b>	Departmental Management -- Office of the Inspector General	\$14				
	Corporation for National and Community Service	\$160	n/a	unknown		For operating expenses and awards (\$89 million) to Americorp grantees.
<b>p. 71</b>	Inspector General	\$1	n/a	n/a		

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	National Service Trust	\$40	n/a	n/a		The Corporation for National and Community Service provide grants, training and technical assistance to developing and expanding volunteer organizations. These include projects in education, the environment, public safety, homeland security and other areas through the Corporation's three major programs: Senior Corps, AmeriCorps, and Learn and Serve America.
	Social Security Administration - Replacement of National Computer Center	\$500	n/a	n/a		For replacement of the National Computer Center and the information costs associated with such Center. The NCC is the government agency that provides support, development, programs and monitors operational activities of IT technology in both government and the private sector.
	Social Security Administration - Processing Disability and Retirement Workload	\$500	n/a	n/a		Processing disability and retirement workloads, including information technology acquisitions and research in support of such activities. Up to \$40 million may be used by the Commissioner of Social Security for health information technology research and activities to facilitate the adoption of electronic medical records in disability claims, including transfer of funds to "Supplemental Security Income Program" to carry out activities under section 1110 of the Social Security Act.
p. 72	Social Security Administration - Inspector General	\$2	n/a	n/a		
<b>Title IX—Legislative Branch</b>						
	Appropriation to GAO	\$25	n/a	n/a		
<b>Title X—Military Construction and Veterans Affairs</b>						
p.77	<b>Military construction, Army</b>					
	Warrior transition complexes	\$100	n/a	unknown		
	Child development centers	\$80	n/a	unknown		
	Family housing construction	\$35	n/a	unknown		
	Family housing operation and maintenance	\$4	n/a	unknown		
	<b>Military construction, Navy and Marine Corps</b>					
	Troop housing	\$100	n/a	unknown		
	Child development centers	\$80	n/a	unknown		
	Energy conservation and alternative energy projects	\$100	n/a	unknown		
	<b>Military construction and housing, Air Force</b>					
	Troop housing	\$100	n/a	unknown		
	Child development centers	\$80	n/a	unknown		
	Family housing construction	\$80	n/a	unknown		
	Family housing operation and maintenance	\$16	n/a	unknown		
	<b>Military construction, defense-wide</b>					
	Construction of hospitals	\$1,330	n/a	unknown		
	Energy Conservation Investment Program	\$120	n/a	unknown		
	<b>Military construction, Air National Guard</b>	\$50	n/a	unknown		
	<b>Military construction, Army National Guard</b>	\$50	n/a	unknown		
	<b>Homeowners Assistance Fund</b>	\$555	n/a	unknown		Goes to 2005 BRAC affected civilian and military employees.

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<b>Department of Veterans Affairs</b>						
<b>p. 85</b>	Medical Facilities	\$1,000	unknown	unknown		Rehabbing existing federal facilities, no state match required, locations TBD.
	National Cemetery Administration	\$50	unknown	unknown		Rehabbing existing federal facilities, no state match required, locations TBD.
	Departmental Administration	\$150	n/a	n/a		
	Information Technology Systems	\$50	n/a	n/a		
	Office of Inspector General	\$1	n/a	n/a		
	Grants for Construction of State Extended Care Facilities	\$150			Veterans' Land Board	Grants require 35% state match, Texas has guaranteed its share of 2 projects, 160-beds each. Veterans Land Board (VLB) has to approve both sites. VLB, pending final funding approval, will approve location of projects. State Home Construction Grant Program. State has 7 homes currently.
<b>p. 88</b>	WWII-era Filipino veterans assistance	\$198	n/a	unknown		One-time cash payment to Filipino WWII veterans (not survivors).
<b>Title XI—State and Foreign Operations</b>						
	Passport and training functions	\$90	n/a	n/a		For the Department of State to expand passport agencies, continue design and begin construction of a consolidated security training facility, and to enlarge domestic facilities to accommodate increased language training requirements for diplomatic and development personnel.
<b>p. 89</b>	Capital Investment Fund for specific information-technology (IT) projects	\$290	n/a	n/a		The Department of State to improve the security, efficiency, and capability the agency and USAID information technology systems. USAID specific program.
	Construction requirements of the International Boundary and Water Commission, US and Mexico	\$220	n/a	n/a		These funds will be used for immediate infrastructure upgrades along 506 miles of flood control levees to rehabilitate projects identified by the International Boundary and Water Commission - United States and Mexico including: Rio Grande Flood Control System; Safety of Dams; Colorado Boundary; and Capacity Preservation. Funds go to local contractors. The commission must develop a published plan within 90 days.
	Inspector General	\$2	n/a	n/a		
<b>Title XII—Transportation, Housing and Urban Development</b>						
<b>Department of Transportation</b>						
<b>p. 89</b>	Surface Transportation Grants	\$1,500	unknown	unknown	TXDOT	State matches are waived for all Transportation Programs. Competitive grant program where Secretary of Transportation awards funds for projects ranging from \$20 million to \$300 million. No more than 20 percent of these funds may be granted to a single state (the upper limit for Texas in this case would be \$300 million). The Secretary of Transportation must publish grant criteria within 90 days of enactment and applications must be submitted within 180 days after the publication of the program call. \$200 million can be used for the Transportation Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Act (TIFIA), a federal credit program for eligible transportation projects of national or regional significance under which the U.S. Department of Transportation may provide three forms of credit assistance – secured (direct) loans, loan guarantees, and standby lines of credit.
<b>p. 91</b>	Air Transportation	\$1,300	unknown	n/a	TXDOT	Under normal federal funding, Texas is a block grant state. Under ARRA Texas will have to compete with other states. The Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) makes the final determination. The first 50% is to be obligated within 120 days and the second 50% should be obligated within one year. \$200 million is for FAA infrastructure.
<b>p. 92</b>	Highway Investment Grants	\$27,500	\$1,507.5	n/a	TXDOT	Includes widening of lanes, construction of new roads and bridges, and maintenance of already existing roadways. 50% of TxDOT's discretionary spending (about \$775) must be obligated within 120 days of after funds are apportioned (which should happen within 21 days after bill enactment). The remainder should be obligated within one year.

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	Suballocated to MPOs	n/a	\$675.0	n/a	TXDOT	The MPO portion must also be obligated within one year. The MPO suballocation is part of TxDOT's budget.
	Transportation Enhancement Projects	n/a	\$67.5	n/a	TXDOT	Eligible projects include things like hiking and biking trails, scenic highways, landscaping, visitor centers and environmental mitigation projects.
p. 94	High Speed & Intercity Passenger Rail	\$8,000	unknown	unknown	TXDOT	The program's objective is to advance the development of high speed rail and to improve the intercity passenger rail service in corridors across the nation. Texas may receive a share of the funding for this program, but the amount is not yet known. US Secretary of Transportation will develop grant procedures within 120 days of bill enactment.
p. 95	AMTRAK Grants	\$850	n/a	n/a		The program's objective is to improve the speed and capacity of intercity passenger rail service.
	Amtrak Security Upgrades	\$450	n/a	n/a		
	Transit: Urbanized Area Formula Grants	\$5,520	n/a	\$301.1		The first 50% is to be obligated within 180 days and the second 50% should be obligated within one year.
	Transit: Non-urbanized Area Formula Grants	\$690	\$42.2	n/a	TXDOT	The first 50% is to be obligated within 180 days and the second 50% should be obligated within one year.
	Transit: Fast Growth Area Formula Grants	\$690	\$8.4	\$20.2	TXDOT	The first 50% is to be obligated within 180 days and the second 50% should be obligated within one year.
p. 96	Transit Fixed Guideway Modernization	\$750	unknown	\$2.6	TXDOT	The program includes heavy rail, commuter rail, light rail, monorail, trolleybus, aerial tramway, inclined plane, cable car, automated guideway transit, ferryboats, motor bus service operated on exclusive or controlled rights-of-way, and high-occupancy-vehicle (HOV) lanes.
p. 97	Transit New Starts	\$750	unknown	unknown	TXDOT	The program includes any fixed guideway system which utilizes and occupies a separate right-of-way, or rail line, for the exclusive use of mass transportation and other high occupancy vehicles, or uses a fixed cantenary system and a right-of-way usable by other forms of transportation.
p. 98	Assistance to Small Shipyards	\$100	n/a	unknown	TXDOT	Grants for capital improvements and related infrastructure improvements at qualified shipyards. Either a shipyard or a state or local government on behalf of a shipyard can apply.
	Office of the Inspector General	\$20	n/a	n/a	TXDOT	
	<b>Housing and Urban Development</b>					
p. 100	Public Housing Capital Funds	\$4,000	n/a	\$199.8		Money goes straight from HUD to local public housing authorities. Housing authorities must allocate 100% of the funds within one year of receiving them. Housing authorities should give priority to bids that are made within 120 days of receiving the funds.
p. 101	Native American Housing Block Grant	\$510	n/a	\$0.6		Funding goes straight from HUD to Indian housing entities. Recipients should obligate 100% of funds within one year of receiving them.
p. 103	Community Development Block Grant: Entitlement	\$700	n/a	\$48.3		The program provides annual grants on a formula basis to entitled cities and counties with the purpose of providing affordable housing to low and moderate income individuals.
	Community Development Block Grant: Non-Entitlement	\$300	\$19.5	n/a	ORCA	In non-entitlement areas, the state distributes grant funding. Non-entitlement areas are cities with populations of less than 50,000 (except cities that are designated principal cities of Metropolitan Statistical Areas), and counties with populations of less than 200,000. Funds go through the Office of Rural and Community Affairs (ORCA).
	Neighborhood Stabilization Program	\$2,000	unknown	unknown	TDHCA	Provide funds to local governments and to states with high levels of foreclosures for the purchase and rehabilitation of vacant housing. Funds are awarded competitively to state and local entities. TDHCA will collaborate with HUD and local entities to determine how Texas can best apply for grants.

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p. 106	HOME	\$2,250	\$150.0	unknown	TDHCA	The housing tax credit (HTC) gap filler program, a sub-program of HOME, provides assistance to home developers whose tax credits have gone down in value. HOME funds go to state housing credit agencies based on a formula. Then, housing agencies distribute funds on a competitive basis. Match is waived. Housing credit agencies should lend 75% of funds within one year of bill enactment, should demonstrate that homeowners have spent 75% of the funds within two years, and should lend out 100% within three years.
p. 107	Homeless Prevention Facilities	\$1,500	\$41.5	\$62.5	TDHCA	This program includes rental assistance, housing search assistance, credit repair, security or utility deposits, moving cost assistance, and case management. Grant recipients must spend 60% of funds within two years of receiving them, and 100% within three years. Program formula funding allocates amounts directly to localities to the state.
p. 108	Assisted Housing Stability and Energy and Green Retrofit Investments/Working Capital Fund	\$2,250	n/a	\$72.7		Funds are awarded competitively to local housing authorities. Recipients should spend funds within two years of receipt.
p. 109	Lead Hazard Reduction	\$100	n/a	\$3.9		Identify and control lead-based paint hazards in eligible privately owned housing for rental or owner-occupants.
p. 111	Inspector General	\$15	n/a	n/a		
<b>Title XIV—State Fiscal Stabilization Fund.</b>						
p. 165	81.8% Education	\$39,743	\$3,250.3	n/a		\$53.6 billion total. Of the amount, \$48.5 billion must be allocated as follows: 61% of each state's allocation based on its share of school-age population (ages 5-24) and 39% based on its share of total population. Must use 81.8% for education. 18.2% for public safety or other government services (including school repairs).
	18.2 % General Purpose	\$8,843	\$723.2	n/a		
	Federal Administration	\$14	unknown	n/a		
	Competitive Grants.	\$5,000	unknown	n/a		
<b>Division B—Taxes, Unemployment, Health Insurance</b>						
<b>Title I Tax Provisions.</b>						
<b>Subtitle A Individuals and Families</b>						
p. 195	\$400 per person/\$800 per couple "Making Work Pay" tax credit	\$116,199	n/a	unknown		Effective for 2009 and 2010. Phases out starting at \$75,000 (adjusted gross income) for singles and at \$150,000 for joint filers.
p. 198	Earned Income Tax Credit increase	\$4,663	n/a	unknown		Increases the earned income tax credit for eligible families with three or more children. Effective for 2009 and 2010.
p. 199	Child Tax Credit Increase	\$14,830	n/a	unknown		Increases eligibility for the refundable child tax credit by lowering the income requirement for the program. Effective for 2009 and 2010.
	"American Opportunity" Education Tax Credit	\$13,907	n/a	unknown		Tax credit for up to \$2,500 in tuition and related expenses. Phases out starting at \$80,000/\$160,000 (adjusted gross income). Up to 40% of the credit is refundable. Effective for 2009 and 2010.
p. 202	Inclusion of computers as qualified education expenses in Section 529 Education Savings Plans.	\$6	n/a	unknown		Allows college savings plan funds to be used for purchase of computer equipment.
	\$8,000 refundable tax credit for first-time homebuyers	\$6,638	n/a	unknown		Extends program to December 1, 2009; increases the tax credit to \$8,000 (or 10 percent of purchase price); and eliminates repayment requirement. Available to first-time homebuyers.
p. 203	Temporary suspension of unemployment benefit taxation	\$4,740	n/a	unknown		Exempts first \$2,400 of unemployment benefits from federal income tax. Effective for 2009.

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	Sales tax deduction for vehicle purchases	\$1,684	n/a	n/a		Allows deduction from federal taxes any state sales taxes paid on vehicles. No deduction allowed for portion of vehicle price above \$49,500.
p. 205	Alternative Minimum Tax relief for 2009	\$69,759	n/a	unknown		Extends AMT patch for one year.
	<b>Subtitle B - Energy Incentives</b>					
p. 205	Three-year extension of Renewable Energy Production Tax Credit	\$13,143	n/a	unknown		Tax credit for electricity produced from renewable sources. 2.1 cents per Kilowatt hour.
	Temporary election to claim the Investment Tax Credit in lieu of the Production Tax Credit	\$285	n/a	unknown		Renewable energy facilities can claim investment tax credits instead of production tax credits.
p. 206	Repeal of Certain Limitations on Credit for Renewable Energy Property	\$872	n/a	unknown		Allows some property using subsidized financing to claim energy investment tax credits.
p. 208	Clean renewable energy bonds	\$578	n/a	unknown		Authorizes additional bonds to finance facilities that generate electricity from renewable sources.
	Qualified energy conservation bonds	\$803	n/a	unknown		Authorizes additional bonds to state and local governments to finance programs intended to reduce greenhouse gas emissions.
	Tax credits for energy efficiency improvements to existing homes	\$2,034	n/a	unknown		Extends existing tax credits through 2010. Allows 30% tax credit for some energy efficiency improvements, up to an maximum aggregate credit of \$1,500 for 2009 and 2010.
p. 211	Tax credits for alternative refueling property	\$54	n/a	unknown		Tax credit for gas stations that install alternative fuel pumps, including E85, electricity, hydrogen and natural gas.
p. 212	Plug-in electric vehicle tax credits	\$2,002	n/a	unknown		\$2,500 base credit for purchase of plug-in electric vehicle, with increases in the credit for larger batteries. Also credits for conversion kits.
p. 219	Parity for transit benefits	\$192	n/a	unknown		Equalizes the amount of tax-free fringe benefits for parking and transit services. Up to \$230/month is eligible.
	<b>Subtitle C - Tax Incentives for Businesses</b>					
p. 219	Extension of bonus depreciation	\$5,074	n/a	unknown		Extends through 2009 the ability of businesses to immediately write off 50 percent of the cost of acquired depreciable property.
p. 221	Election to accelerate recognition of Historic Alternative Minimum Tax/R&D Credits	\$805	n/a	unknown		Extends through 2009 the ability of businesses to accelerate recognition of historic AMT or research and development tax credits.
p. 221	5-year small business net operating loss carryback	\$947	n/a	unknown		Allows net operating losses for small businesses to be carried back five years instead of two years. Applies to businesses with gross receipts of \$15 million or less.
p. 222	Extension of Enhanced Small Business Expensing	\$41	n/a	unknown		Extends temporary increase in amount of capital expenditures that small business are allowed to write off.
p. 223	Incentives to hire unemployed veterans and disconnected youth	\$231	n/a	unknown		Tax credits for wages paid to previously unemployed veterans and disconnected youth (individuals 16 to 25 years old who have not been regularly employed or in school for previous six months).
p. 224	Deferral of cancellation of debt income	\$1,622	n/a	unknown		Allows business that cancel debt or repurchase debt for less than its adjusted issue, called a cancellation of debt income (CODI) to recognize the CODI over 10 years.
p. 228	Small business capital gains	\$829	n/a	unknown		Increases exclusion from 50% to 75% the exclusion from taxes for the gains on some small business capital stock held more than five years.
	Temporary reduction of S Corp Built-in Gains Holding period from 10 to 7 years	\$415	n/a	unknown		Reduces required holding period from ten to seven years for taxable corporations converting to S corporations to avoid built-in gains taxes.
	Repeal of Treasury Section 382 Notice	-\$6,977	n/a	unknown		Repeals a notice issued by Treasury last year dealing with acquired companies and the ability to claim losses incurred by the acquired company. Increases federal revenues.
p. 229	Treatment of Certain Ownership Changes	\$3,163	n/a	unknown		Clarifies intent of Congress of a provision in the Emergency Economic Stabilization Act of 2008.

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	<b>Subtitle D - Manufacturing Recovery Provisions</b>					
p. 230	Industrial Development Bonds	\$203	n/a	unknown		Expands definition of manufacturing facilities eligible for tax exempt bond financing.
p. 231	Advanced Energy Investment Credit	\$1,647	n/a	unknown		30% investment tax credit of renewable energy facilities.
	<b>Subtitle E - Economic Recovery</b>					
p. 234	Economic recovery zone bonds	\$5,371	n/a	unknown		New tax credit bonds for investment in recovery zones. Each state will receive a distribution suballocated to local municipalities.
p. 237	Tribal economic development bonds	\$315	n/a	unknown		Tax-exempt bonds for development on tribal lands.
p. 238	New markets tax credit	\$815	n/a	unknown		Increases the available amount of the New Markets Tax Credit.
	<b>Subtitle F - Infrastructure Financing</b>					
p. 239	De minimis safe harbor exception to certain financial institutions for tax-exempt municipal bonds and Modification of Small Issuer Exception	\$3,234	n/a	unknown		Expands ability of financial institutions to deduct some interest paid on tax-exempt municipal bonds issued in 2009 and 2010.
p. 240	Elimination of Alternative Minimum Tax costs to state to state and local governments	\$555	unknown	unknown		Exempts some private activity bonds from AMT if issued in 2009 or 2010.
p. 241	High-speed rail facility bonds	\$288	n/a	unknown		Expands definition of high speed rail eligible for tax exempt bonds.
	Delaying the application of withholding requirements on certain governmental payments for good & services	\$291	unknown	unknown		Delays implementation of a rule requiring federal, state and local governments to withhold at a three percent rate some payments for goods and services.
	Qualified School Construction Bonds	\$9,877	unknown	unknown		New category of tax credit bonds for public school facilities.
p. 244	Increased authorization authority for Qualified Zone Academy Bonds (QZAB)	\$1,045	unknown	unknown		Additional authority for bonds used to finance renovations, equipment purchases, training teachers and other qualified expenses at public schools in empowerment zones or enterprise communities.
p. 244	"Build America Bonds" for state and local governments	\$4,348	unknown	unknown		Allows state and local governments to issue tax credit bonds instead of tax-exempt general obligation bonds and allows state and locals to receive a direct payment from the Federal government equal to the subsidy that they would have received through tax credits.
	<b>Subtitle G - Other Provisions</b>					
p. 248	Treasury Department low-income housing grants in lieu of tax credits	\$69	n/a	unknown		State housing agencies can receive a grant in lieu of tax credits for low-income housing.
p. 250	Treasury Department Energy Grants in lieu of tax credits	\$5	n/a	unknown		Entities eligible for renewable energy tax credits may receive a grant from the Treasury Dept. in lieu of the tax credits.
	<b>Subtitle I - Trade Adjustment Assistance (TAA)</b>					
p. 253	Part I—Trade Adjustment Assistance for Workers	\$0	n/a	unknown		Provides employment assistance to workers in communities impacted by trade. Service workers and public employees are now included as eligible for benefits.
p. 282	Part II—Trade Adjustment Assistance for Firms	\$0	n/a	unknown		Assistance to firms affected by trade. Expanded to include service firms.
	Part III—Trade Adjustment Assistance for Communities	\$0				The purpose of the amendments made by this part is to assist communities impacted by trade with economic adjustment through the coordination of Federal, State, and local resources, the creation of community-based development strategies, and the development and provision of programs that meet the training needs of workers covered under this section.
p. 290	Grants to develop strategic plans (to assist the community in developing a strategic plan)	\$0	n/a	unknown		To help communities develop strategic plans to provide trade adjustment assistance.

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p. 292	Community college and career training grant program	\$0	n/a	unknown		For the purpose of developing, offering, or improving educational or career training programs for workers eligible for trade adjustment assistance.
p. 295	Sector partnership grant	\$0	n/a	unknown		To facilitate efforts by industry or sector partnerships to strengthen and revitalize industries and create employment opportunities for workers in communities impacted by trade.
p. 300	Part IV—Trade Adjustment Assistance for Farmers	\$0	n/a	unknown		This program had expired in 2007, but has been reauthorized by ARRA.
p. 309	Part VI—Health Coverage Improvement	\$0	n/a	unknown		Helps with insurance premiums for those affected by trade.
p. 319	Extension of national emergency grants	\$0	n/a	unknown		Helps those affected by trade with health insurance.
<b>Title II Assistance for Unemployed Workers and Struggling Families</b>						
<b>Subtitle A-Unemployment Insurance</b>						
p. 322	Extension of emergency unemployment compensation program	\$26,960	n/a	unknown	TWC	The program is an extension of the Emergency Unemployment Compensation Act of 2008 (EUC08). The EUC08 provided emergency unemployment compensation through March 31, 2009. The new provision adds an additional 20 weeks of unemployment benefits for eligible individuals, and 13 weeks more if they are in a state with high unemployment (3-month seasonally adjusted average UI rate of at least 6 percent). The duration of the program would extend through the week ending on or before December 31, 2009. No benefits would be payable for any week beginning after May 31, 2010. The funds would not need to be repaid to the federal government.
p. 323	Increase in unemployment compensation benefits	\$8,800	n/a	unknown	TWC	Temporarily increases weekly compensation to both regular and extended unemployment benefits by \$25 a week through December 31, 2009; benefits are paid with federal general funds.
p. 325	UI Incentive Payments would provide \$7 billion total in incentive payments to states to encourage modernizing UI programs by increasing UI coverage among low-wage, part-time and other jobless workers. Payments would be staggered as follows:					
	1/3 share of \$7 billion	\$2,333	\$185.2	unknown	TWC	If a state adopts Alternative Base Period. UI alternative base period would allow more workers to qualify for benefits by adding flexibility when determining monetary eligibility for UI (Note: Texas UI base period is currently first 4 of the last 5 completed calendar quarters).
	2/3 share of \$7 billion	\$4,667	\$370.5	unknown	TWC	If a state adopts Additional Benefit Features. For a state to receive two-thirds of incentive payment, at least 2 of the following provisions must be included its state law: (1) UI for part-time, (2) UI for compelling family reasons, (3) extended UI benefits for training, and (4) dependent allowances for UI recipients.
p. 329	Unemployment Insurance (UI)--State Administration	\$500	\$39.7	n/a	TWC	Amount can only be used for the following expenses: 1) administration of incentive payments; 2) outreach to individuals who may not be eligible for unemployment compensation benefits; 3) improvement of benefit and tax operations; and 4) staff-assisted re-employment services to claimants.
p. 329	Temporary assistance for states with advances	\$1,100	unknown	unknown	TWC	Temporarily waives interest payment and the accrual of interest on state loans from the Federal Unemployment Account used to pay state unemployment benefits; the provision is in effect to December 31, 2010.
p. 330	Full Federal funding of extended unemployment compensation for a limited period	\$138	n/a	unknown	TWC	Under current law, extended benefits (EB) are funded 50% by the federal government and 50% by the state. The bill temporarily alters this ratio, with the federal government funding 100% EB benefits through January 1, 2010.

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p. 331	Temporary increase in extended unemployment benefits under the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act	\$21	n/a	unknown	TWC	Currently railroad workers receive up to 26 weeks of unemployment benefits and 13 weeks of extended benefits to those workers with 10 or more years of service. The new provision temporarily adds 13 weeks of extended benefits. The act would apply to all railroad workers regardless of years of service. The provision would apply to employees who received unemployment benefits during the benefit year beginning July 1, 2008 and ending June 30, 2009. No extended benefits would begin after December 31, 2009.
<b>Subtitle B-Assistance for Vulnerable Individuals</b>						
p. 332	Emergency fund for TANF program	\$5,000	unknown	unknown	HHSC	The bill allocates a \$5 billion contingency block grant, providing states additional resources to meet increased TANF expenditures. States can request quarterly grants for three purposes: 1) Caseload increases 2) Increased expenditures related to non-recurrent short-term benefits and 3) Increased expenditures for subsidized employment. Fund payments are determined by how much the state's caseloads/expenditures for a given quarter exceed the corresponding quarter of the emergency base year (or the year, either 2007 or 2008, where the state's enrollment or expenditure data were the lowest). The grant reimburses states for 80 percent of the increased caseload data or expenditures.
p. 335	Extension of TANF supplemental grants	\$319	\$52.7	unknown	HHSC	Extends the TANF supplemental grants through FY 2010 to states with high population growth and/or increased poverty. Texas is one of 17 states that meet these criteria. Formerly these grants were set to expire in FY2009.
	Clarification of authority of states to use TANF funds carried over from prior years to provide tan benefits and services	n/a	n/a	n/a	HHSC	States are now allowed to use carried-over TANF funds for any TANF benefit, service or activity. Formerly, funds from previous fiscal years could be used only for cash assistance.
	Temporary resumption of prior child support law	\$1,000	\$160.7	n/a	OAG	The bill repeals a provision in the Deficit Reduction Act of 2005 by restoring Child Support Enforcement (CSE) incentive funds earned for program performance. States can use these funds to reinvest in the CSE program and receive a federal match. The repeal is retroactive to the first quarter of the current federal fiscal year through September 30, 2010. Texas has the ability to receive up to \$160.7 million if the state maximizes the federal matching funds.
<b>Subtitle C-Economic Recovery Payments to Certain Individuals</b>						
p. 336	Economic recovery payment to recipients of social security, supplemental security income, railroad retirement benefits and veterans disability compensation or pension benefits	\$14,225	n/a	unknown		Provides one-time payment of \$250 to retirees, disabled individuals, and SSI recipients receiving benefits from the Social Security Administration, railroad retirement beneficiaries, and disabled veterans receiving benefits from the U.S. Department of Veteran Affairs. This payment is a reduction to any allowable Making Work Pay Credit.
p. 340	Special credit for certain government retirees	\$218	n/a	unknown	TRS	Provides one-time tax refundable tax credit of \$250 in 2009 to certain government retirees who are not eligible for Social Security benefits, including some retired teachers.
<b>Title III Premium Assistance for COBRA Benefits</b>						
p. 341	Premium assistance for COBRA benefits	\$24,677	n/a	unknown		Provides a 65 percent premium subsidy of COBRA benefits for a nine-month period; the subsidy is available to individuals involuntarily separated from their employer on or after September 1, 2008 and before January 1, 2010; the subsidy is paid directly to the health plan in the form of reduced payroll taxes.

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<b>Title IV Health Information Technology.</b>						
<b>p. 353</b>	Subtitle A - Medicare Incentives Subtitle B - Medicaid Incentives	\$17,559	unknown	unknown	HHSC	Encourage doctors, hospitals, and other providers to adopt health information technology. States may reimburse eligible providers for the cost of qualified electronic health record (EHR) purchases, implementation and certain operating costs. Texas Health and Human Services Commission (HHSC) has not yet estimated how much it would cost to administer this program. Incentives to eligible EHR users is limited to five years and cannot be provided after 2016. Reimbursement to eligible Medicaid providers is limited to five years and cannot be provided after 2021.
<b>Title V State Fiscal Relief</b>						
<b>p. 382</b>	Temporary increase of Medicaid FMAP	\$86,600	\$4,154.0	unknown	HHSC	Temporary increase of federal matching funds to help states maintain their Medicaid programs. All states would be eligible for a 6.2 percentage point Medicaid FMAP increase for 27 months from 10/1/2008 to 12/31/2010. In addition, states with significant changes in unemployment are eligible for an additional FMAP increase determined through a formula. To qualify, states may not have eligibility standards, methodologies, or procedures in place that are more restrictive than those in effect as of July 1, 2008. States must comply with existing requirements for prompt payment of health care providers under Medicaid.
<b>p. 388</b>	Temporary increase of DSH allotments during recession	\$460	\$70.8	unknown	HHSC	Federal Disproportionate Share Hospital (DSH) payments are used to reimburse hospitals for treating Medicaid beneficiaries, and the uninsured. Temporary 2.5% increase in the state Medicaid DSH allotment for fiscal 2009 and fiscal 2010. For fiscal 2010, the increase is based on the adjusted fiscal 2009 level.
<b>p. 389</b>	Extension of moratoria on certain Medicaid final regulations	\$105	unknown	unknown	HHSC	Extends the moratoria on certain final regulations through June 30, 2009: optional targeted case management services, school-based administration and transportation services, and provider taxes. Applies a new moratorium on the final regulation regarding Medicaid outpatient hospital facility services. Urges the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services to not promulgate final regulations regarding: cost limits for certain providers; payments for graduate medical education; and rehabilitative services.
	Extension of transitional medical assistance	\$1,300	unknown	unknown	HHSC	Extend the Medicaid Transitional Medical Assistance (TMA) option for 18 months, through 12/31/2010 allowing families in transition from welfare to the workforce to extend their Medicaid coverage. Intended to ensure poor families do not lose health coverage as their income increases. Gives states option to extend the initial period of eligibility of TMA to 12 rather than current 6 months and waive certain enrollment requirements, beginning 7/1/2009. Beginning 7/1/2009, states are required to report monthly enrollment and participation rates for adult and child enrollees and number of these who become eligible under another Medicaid category or for SCHIP.
<b>p. 391</b>	Extension of qualifying individual program	\$563	unknown	unknown	HHSC	Extends the Qualified Individual program, which helps Medicare beneficiaries who have a limited income but are not poor enough to qualify for Medicaid with financial assistance to help pay their Medicare Part B premiums. Qualified Individual program extended through 12/31/2010. \$412.5 million is allocated 1/1/2010 through 9/30/2010 and \$150 million 10/1/2010 through 12/31/2010.

Federal amounts are from the bill text and reflect appropriated authority. State amounts are preliminary estimates as of 3/13/2009 and are subject to change based on the release of federal guidelines within 30-60 days. These estimates were compiled from several sources including state agencies, Federal Funds Information for States (FFIS), Legislative Budget Board and Comptroller of Public Accounts. Figures shown here may differ from other sources due to differences in calculation of amounts based upon formulas.

Columns marked "unknown" indicate state or local entities may receive federal funds but the amount is not known at this time. Columns marked "n/a" indicate that state or local entities are not expected to receive federal funds.

	American Reinvestment and Recovery Act	Federal Amount - in millions	State Amount - in millions	Direct Amounts to Local Gov'ts and Individuals - in millions	State Agencies Affected	Notes
	Protections for Indians under Medicaid and CHIP	\$727	unknown	unknown	HHSC	Prohibit state Medicaid programs from imposing cost-sharing requirements on Medicaid-eligible American Indians when beneficiary receives services from Indian health care provider or from Contract Health Services provider. Require states consult with Indian Health Programs and Urban Indian Organizations. Exempt certain tribal, religious, spiritual or cultural property from being considered an asset of an individual Indian for purposes of determining Medicaid and SCHIP eligibility or estate recovery. Provisions effective 7/1/2009.
<b>p. 397</b>	Office of Inspector General -- Department of Health and Human Services	\$37	n/a	n/a		
	Government Accountability Office (GAO) economic study and report	unknown	n/a	n/a		Requires the Comptroller General of the US and GAO, to study and issue a report on the most recent and past economic downturns (since 1974), for the purpose of developing recommendations for addressing the needs of states during future economic downturns. The report is also to include a study of past and projected effects of temporary increases in FMAP under Medicaid with respect to periods of economic downturn. Report submitted to congressional committees by 4/1/2011.